Financial Statements

December 31, 2019



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of

Sketch Working Arts for Street Involved and Homeless Youth

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sketch Working Arts for Street Involved and Homeless Youth (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, Sketch Working Arts for Street Involved and Homeless Youth derives revenue from donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to the donation and fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, current assets as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and net assets as at January 1 and December 31 for both the 2019 and 2018 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report

Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Clarkson Rouble LLP

Mississauga, Ontario March 17, 2020

Clarkson Rouble LLP
Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants



Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31

| | (| General Fund | | Capital | | 2019 Total | 2018 Total |
|---|----|-----------------|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|--------------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | |
| Cash (Note 2) | \$ | 565,654 | \$ | (400,060) | \$ | 165,594 | \$ 251,027 |
| Short term investments | | - | | - | | - | 321,276 |
| Accounts receivable | | 218,393 | | - | | 218,393 | 218,478 |
| Sales taxes receivable | | 31,168 | | - | | 31,168 | 15,169 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 42,850 | _ | (400.060) | | 42,850 | 33,662 |
| | | 858,065 | | (400,060) | | 458,005 | 839,612 |
| Capital assets (Note 3) | | | | 4,367,953 | | 4,367,953 | 792,814 |
| | \$ | 858,065 | \$ | 3,967,893 | \$ | 4,825,958 | \$ 1,632,426 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Current | _ | | | | _ | | |
| Accounts payable and accruals | \$ | 63,935 | \$ | | \$ | , | \$ 87,092 |
| Sales taxes payable | | 1 100 (42 | | 130,808 | | 130,808 | 900.274 |
| Deferred contributions (Note 4) | | 1,108,643 | | - 570 171 | | 1,108,643 578,171 | 890,374 592,996 |
| Deferred capital contributions (Note 5) | | - | | 578,171 2,010,000 | | 2,010,000 | 392,990 |
| Loans payable (Note 7) Current portion of long term debt (Note 8) | | | | 24,684 | | 24,684 | 24,097 |
| Current portion of long term deat (Note 8) | | 1,172,578 | | 2,743,663 | | 3,916,241 | 1,594,559 |
| Commercial loan (Note 6) | | - | | - | | - | 222,489 |
| Mortgage payable (Note 6 and 8) | | - | | 1,075,316 | | 1,075,316 | _ |
| | | 1,172,578 | | 3,818,979 | | 4,991,557 | 1,817,048 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Net Assets | | | | | | | |
| Net assets invested in capital assets | | - | | 148,914 | | 148,914 | - |
| Unrestricted net assets | | (314,513) | | - | | (314,513) | (184,622) |
| | | (314,513) | | 148,914 | | (165,599) | (184,622) |
| | \$ | 858,065 | \$ | 3,967,893 | \$ | 4,825,958 | \$ 1,632,426 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

| On | hal | alf | Λf | the | Ro | ard: |
|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|------|
| | | | | | | |

Charlene Quincey Director Sven Dedic Director

Sketch Working Arts for Street Involved and Homeless Youth Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31

| | Gener | al F | und | | Capital Asset | Fund |
|--------------------------------|---------------|------|-----------|----|---------------|----------|
| | 2019 | 41 I | 2018 | | 2019 | 2018 |
| Revenue | _01) | | 2010 | | 2017 | 2010 |
| Government revenue | | | | | | |
| Government of Canada | \$ 363,140 | \$ | 164,256 | \$ | - \$ | _ |
| Province of Ontario | 1,956 | | 455 | · | _ | _ |
| Ontario Trillium Foundation | 1,228,386 | | 1,116,300 | | _ | - |
| Ontario Arts Council (Note 9) | 150,685 | | 207,015 | | - | _ |
| Toronto Arts Council (Note 10) | 204,394 | | 227,848 | | | _ |
| City of Toronto | 192,032 | | 228,502 | | <u>.</u> | - |
| | 2,140,593 | | 1,944,376 | | - | - |
| Private sector revenue | | | | | | |
| Charitable foundations | 567,816 | | 599,410 | | | |
| Corporate donations | 292,655 | | 400,830 | | - | - |
| Individual donations | 321,663 | | 177,867 | | <u>-</u> | - |
| Fundraising | 30,871 | | 19,528 | | - | - |
| Capital campaign | 112,000 | | 19,328 | | - | - |
| Partnership agreements | 62,340 | | 77,118 | | - | - |
| Amortization of deferred | 02,340 | | //,110 | | , - | - |
| capital contributions | _ | | | | 14,825 | 118,599 |
| <u>capital contributions</u> | 1,387,345 | | 1,274,753 | | 14,825 | 118,599 |
| | 1,507,515 | | 1,271,755 | · | 14,023 | 110,555 |
| Earned and Other Revenue | | | | | | |
| Investment income | 10,475 | | 6,435 | | - | - |
| Facilities rental | 91,897 | | 107,441 | | - | |
| Recoveries and rebates | 39,155 | | 46,217 | | · - | - |
| | 141,527 | | 160,093 | | - | - |
| | 3,669,465 | | 3,379,222 | | 14,825 | 118,599 |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Personnel costs | 1,704,463 | | 1,738,893 | | _ | _ |
| Occupancy costs | 325,217 | | 338,639 | | _ | _ |
| Program and materials costs | 1,150,610 | | 945,059 | | _ | _ |
| Professional fees | 226,269 | | 141,900 | | _ | _ |
| Fundraising | 844 | | 225 | | _ | _ |
| Office and general | 197,196 | | 226,903 | | _ | _ |
| Promotion | 19,419 | | 19,214 | | _ | _ |
| Amortization | - | | , | | 41,249 | 186,981 |
| | 3,624,018 | | 3,410,833 | n | 41,249 | 186,981 |
| Excess (deficiency) of | | | | | | |
| revenue over expenses | \$ 45,447 | \$ | (31,611) | \$ | (26,424) \$ | (68,382) |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended December 31

| | caj | ivested in pital assets (Note 3) | Un | restricted | ľ | 2019 Total Net Assets | N | 2018 Total Net Assets |
|--|-----|----------------------------------|----|------------|----|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | | \$ | (184,622) | \$ | (184,622) | \$ | (84,629) |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses | | (26,424) | | 45,447 | | 19,023 | | (99,993) |
| Transfer between funds | | 175,338 | | (175,338) | | _ | | - |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 148,914 | \$ | (314,513) | \$ | (165,599) | \$ | (184,622) |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31

| | Consuli | F J | G : 1 1 A | 4.77 |
|--|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | General l 2019 | 2018 | Capital Asse 2019 | 2018 |
| Operating activities | | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | | | |
| expenses | \$ 45,447 \$ | (31,611) \$ | (26,424) \$ | (68,382) |
| Items not requiring an outlay of cash | | | | |
| Amortization of deferred capital contributions | | | (14,825) | (119 500) |
| Amortization | - | - | 41,249 | (118,599) 186,981 |
| | 45,447 | (31,611) | - | - |
| Not abanca in woulding conital items | | | | |
| Net change in working capital items Operating working capital | | | | |
| Account receivable | 85 | 178,386 | - | _ |
| Sales taxes receivable | (15,999) | (4,335) | - | - |
| Prepaid expenses | (9,188) | (4,427) | - | - |
| Accounts payable | (23,157) | 9,927 | _ " | - |
| Sales taxes payable | 130,808 | - - | , - | - |
| Deferred contributions | 218,269 | (100,116) | , - | - |
| Current portion of long term debt | 587 | 1,191 | - | |
| Increase from operating | 346,852 | 49,015 | - | - • |
| Investing a stirite | | | | |
| Investing activity Purchase of capital assets | (3,616,388) | (2,884) | | |
| | | | - | - |
| Decrease from investing | (3,616,388) | (2,884) | - | - |
| Financing activity | | | | |
| Repayment of Commercial loan | (222,489) | (22,782) | _ | - |
| Increase in Loans payable | 2,010,000 | - | _ | - |
| Increase in Mortgage payable | 1,075,316 | - | - | , - |
| Sale (purchase) of short term investments | 321,276 | (5,780) | | - |
| T (1) 0 0 0 | | | | |
| Increase (decrease) from financing | 3,184,103 | (28,562) | - | - |
| (Decrease) increase in cash | (85,433) | 17,569 | | - |
| Cash, start of year | 251,027 | 233,458 | _ | |
| Cash, end of year | \$ 165,594 \$ | 251,027 \$ | - \$ | · _ |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Sketch Working Arts for Street Involved and Homeless Youth is an organization developing cultural programs and educational opportunities for street-involved, at-risk and homeless youth. Sketch Working Arts for Street Involved and Homeless Youth (Sketch) was incorporated without share capital, in the Province of Ontario by letters patent dated December 7, 2001. It qualified for tax-exempt status as a registered charity under paragraph 149(1)(f) of the Income Tax Act effective March 7, 2003.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook

a) Fund accounting

Sketch follows the restricted method of accounting for contributions.

The General Fund accounts for the organization's program delivery and administrative activities. This fund reports unrestricted resources and restricted operating grants.

The Capital Asset Fund reports the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses related to Sketch's capital assets and leasehold improvements.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

The organization considers cash on hand, deposits in bank, and bank line of credit as cash and cash equivalents.

c) Financial instruments

The organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions. The organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable, accrued liabilities and operating loan.

Financial assets measured at fair value include short term investments. Short term investments consists of guaranteed investment certificates which the organization has elected to carry at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

The organization has not elected to carry any financial liability at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Transaction costs

The organization recognizes its transaction costs in net income in the period incurred except for financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair value. The carrying amounts of these instruments are adjusted by the transaction costs that are directly attributable to their issuance.

d) Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives, which for building and building improvements is 40 years, for furniture is 10 years, for equipment is 5 years and for computers is 3 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the length of the lease plus one renewal period. Amortization expense is reported in the Capital Asset Fund.

e) Impairment of long-lived assets

A long-lived asset is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows resulting from its use and eventual disposition. The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

f) Revenue recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions to the General Fund. Restricted contributions related to general operations are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Restricted grants and donations for purchase of capital assets in excess of current capital campaign expenditures are reported as deferred contributions on the balance sheet and are amortized to operations at the same rate as the related capital assets are amortized to operations.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year received. Service revenue is recorded as revenue when the services are provided.

g) Contributed material and services

Donated materials and capital assets are recognized in the accounts when the fair market value of the materials is readily determinable and has been receipted by the organization.

Volunteers contribute many hours per year to assist Sketch Working Arts for Street Involved and Homeless Youth in carrying out its mandate. Because of the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

h) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimated life of capital assets, valuation of accounts receivable, and accrued liabilities are the most significant items that involve use of estimates.

2. Cash / Bank indebtedness

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, deposits with banks, as well as bank line of credit. Cash (bank indebtedness) as presented on the balance sheet and included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---------------------|------------------|---------|
| Deposits with banks | \$ 561,163 \$ | 249,806 |
| Cash on hand | 4,491 | 1,274 |
| Line of credit | (400,060) | (53) |
| | \$ 165,594 \$ | 251,027 |

A line of credit, with a limit of \$400,000, bears interest on the outstanding balance at prime plus 1.5% (5.45% at year end), it is payable on demand, and is secured by a general security agreement covering all assets.

3. Capital assets

| | 2019 | | | | | | 2018 |
|------------------------|-----------------|----|--------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|-------------------|
| | Cost | | cumulated nortization | | Net Book Value | 1 | Net Book Value |
| Building | \$ 3,616,388 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,616,388 | \$ | - |
| Building improvements | 1,503,830 | | 759,646 | | 744,184 | | - |
| Furniture | 222,780 | | 216,360 | | 6,420 | | 8,254 |
| Equipment | 170,429 | | 170,429 | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | 11,003 |
| Computer | 122,217 | | 121,256 | | 961 | | 10,292 |
| Leasehold improvements | - | | - | | - | | 763,265 |
| | \$ 5,635,644 | \$ | 1,267,691 | \$ | 4,367,953 | \$ | 792,814 |

On December 27, 2019 the organization purchased its previously leased premises at 180 Shaw Street - Units B01 and 201. The leasehold improvements were then reclassified as building improvements and will be amortized at the same rate as the building. No amortization was recorded on the building in the current year as the closing date on the purchase was just before the year end.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

4. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions represent unspent externally restricted donations received by the organization related to activities of the subsequent period or specific projects which extend beyond the current fiscal period.

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|--------------|------------|
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ 890,374 | \$ 990,490 |
| Add: Donations/Grants received/receivable during the year | 3,103,357 | 3,387,266 |
| Less: Amounts recorded as revenue in the year | 2,885,088 | 3,487,382 |
| Balance, end of period | \$ 1,108,643 | \$ 890,374 |

5. Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount of donations and grants received for the leasehold improvements related to the renovation costs for Unit B01. The amortization commenced upon completion of the construction renovations. The change in the deferred capital contribution balance is as follows:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of year Amortization of deferred capital contributions | \$ 592,996 (14,825) | \$ 711,595 (118,599) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 578,171 | \$ 592,996 |

The amortization of deferred capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations. The amortization amount changed in the current year due to the purchase of the unit and the reclassification of the renovation costs from leasehold improvements amortized over 10 years to building improvements amortized over 40 years.

6. Commercial loan

| The operating loan is with Alterna Savings. The loan is secured by cash/term deposit minimum of \$300,000. The interest rate is calculated at Alterna prime rate plus 2.0% per annum with blended monthly payments of \$3,005. | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------|---------------|
| The loan was fully repaid during the year. | \$ - | \$ 246,586 |
| Principal due within one year | - | 24,097 |
| | \$ | \$ 222,489 |

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

| Loans payable | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|--|
| Vendor take-back loan | 2019 | 2018 | |
| The vendor take-back loan is provided by Toronto Artscape Inc. and is to be used for the purchase of units B01 and 201 at 180 Shaw Street. \$1,000,000 of the principal is payable by March, 31, 2020 and the remainder is payable by June 30, 2020. There is no interest charged until March 31, 2020. Following that date, interest shall accrue at 7% per annum compounded annually. The advance on the loan is: | \$ 1,970,000 | \$ | |
| Promissory note | | | |
| The promissory note was advanced by a former director of the organization. The note bears no interest and is payable | | | |
| on demand. The advance on the loan is: | 40,000 | - | |
| | \$ 2,010,000 | \$ - 2 | |

The organization expects to repay the Vendor take-back loan with funds raised in two campaigns presently in process; The Sale of Community Bonds to raise \$1.4 million and a philanthropic capital campaign raise of \$1.52 million.

At present, there is strong interest for the purchase of bonds from several foundations, corporations, and individuals which would raise \$1,341,000 at the time of this report.

The capital campaign has raised \$892,000 in cash and pledges at the time of this report.

8. Mortgage payable

| The mortgage is with Alterna Savings. The interest rate is calculated at 4.45% per annum with blended monthly payments of \$6,058 The mortgage term is 60 months and matures on December 31, 2024. | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|--------------|------|
| The advance on the mortgage is: | \$ 1,100,000 | \$ - |
| Principal due within one year | 24,684 | - |
| | \$ 1,075,316 | \$ - |

Principal repayments until maturity are estimated as follows:

| | \$ 1,100,000 |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| 2025 and thereafter | 964,932 |
| 2024 | 29,441 |
| 2023 | 28,177 |
| 2022 | 26,963 |
| 2021 | 25,803 |
| 2020 | \$ 24,684 |
| | |

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

9. Ontario Arts Council funding

Funding received from the Ontario Arts Council for the support programs operated by the organization are as follows:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Multi-year operating grant Project grants | \$ 110,503 40,182 | \$ 89,840 117,175 |
| | \$ 150,685 | \$ 207,015 |

10. Toronto Arts Council funding

Funding received from the Toronto Arts Council for the support programs operated by the organization are as follows:

| | 2019 | | 2018 | |
|------------------------|---------------|----|---------|--|
| Annual Operating | | | | |
| Annual Operating Grant | \$ 105,000 | \$ | 98,000 | |
| Youth Project Grants | | | | |
| Street Voices Project | - | | 7,739 | |
| Open Door Project | 41,800 | | _ | |
| ArtReach Toronto | 57,594 | | 122,109 | |
| | \$ 204,394 | \$ | 227,848 | |

11. Donations-in-kind

Tax receipts have been provided for donations in kind which have been valued at cost or fair market value and they have been allocated to the following expense categories.

| | 2019 | | 2018 | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----|-------|--|
| Materials and program costs | \$ 8,749 | \$_ | 1,198 | |

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

12. Commitments and contingencies

The organization occupies a location at 1684 Queen Street West. The lease agreement expires on May 31, 2022. Estimated annual lease payments including additional rent and HST for the next five years are as follows:

| | | | \$ | 102,496 |
|------|--|---|------|---------|
| 2022 | | - | | 17,864 |
| 2021 | | | | 42,619 |
| 2020 | | | \$ | 42,013 |

13. Financial instruments risk exposure

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the organization's risk exposure and concentrations at the statement of financial position date.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The organization's main credit risks relate to accounts receivable, however the risk is limited due to the nature of its accounts receivable. Contributions are not recorded in receivables unless collection is reasonably assured. The organization has not had issues with these collections over the past several years. The allowance for doubtful accounts is \$Nil (2018 - \$Nil)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and loans payable and mortgage payable (Note 7 and 8). The organization expects to meet these obligations as they come due through sufficient cash flow from operations. The organization has not had issues with meeting obligations in the past several years.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The organization is subject to interest rate risk with respect to its line of credit, loans payable and mortgage payable as described in Notes 2, 6, 7 and 8. Specifically, the organization is exposed to fair value risk due to changes in market rates of interest at the time of interest calculation.